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Chapter 1 Finance

Sec. 3-1-1 Preparation of Tax Roll and Tax Collections

- a) **Content of Tax Roll**. Pursuant to Sec. 70.65, Wis. Stats., the Clerk-Treasurer shall prepare a tax roll and include the required contents as described in Chapter 70.65, Wis. Stats.
- b) **Property Tax Collection**. All provisions of Chapter 74, Wis. Stats., in regards to property tax collection are adopted and by reference made a part of this Chapter with the same force and effect as though set out in full.

Sec. 3-1-2 Duplicate Treasurer's Bond Eliminated

- a) **Bond Eliminated**. The Village of Adell elects not to give the bond on the Village Clerk-Treasurer acting as Village Treasurer as provided for by Sec. 70.67(1), Wis. Stats.
- b) Village Liable for Default of Treasurer. Pursuant to Sec. 70.67(2), Wis. Stats., the Village shall be obligated to pay, in case the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall fail to do so, all state and county taxes required by law to be paid by such Clerk-Treasurer to the County Treasurer.

Sec. 3-1-3 Village Budget

- a) Departmental Estimates. When requested by the Village Clerk-Treasurer, each officer, department and committee shall annually file with the Village Clerk-Treasurer an itemized statement of disbursements made to carry out the powers and duties of such officer, department or committee during the preceding fiscal year, and a detailed statement of the receipts and disbursements on account of any special fund under the supervision of such officer, department or committee during such year, and of the conditions and management of such fund; also detailed estimates of the same matters for the current fiscal year and for the ensuing fiscal year. Such statements shall be presented in the form prescribed by the Village Clerk-Treasurer and shall be designated as "Departmental Estimates," and shall be as nearly uniform as possible for the main division of all departments.
- b) **Consideration of Estimates**. The Village Board shall consider such departmental estimates in consultation with the department head and develop a budget amount for such department or activity.

c) Form of Proposed Budget.

- The actual expenditures of each department and activity for the expired portion of the current year, and last preceding fiscal year, and the estimated expense of conducting each department and activity of the Village for the remainder of the current year and ensuing fiscal year, with reasons for any proposed increase or decrease as compared with actual and estimated expenditures for the current year.
- 2) An itemization of all anticipated income of the Village from sources other than general property taxes and bonds issued, with a comparative statement of the amounts received by the Village from each of the same or similar sources for the last preceding and current fiscal year.
- 3) An estimate of the amount of money to be raised from general property taxes which, with income from other sources, will be necessary to meet the proposed expenditures.
- 4) All existing indebtedness of the Village, including the amount of interest payable and principal to be redeemed on any outstanding general obligation bonds of the Village and any estimated deficiency in the sinking fund of any such bonds during the ensuing fiscal year.
- 5) Such other information as may be required by the Board and by State law.

d) **Copies of Budget**. The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall provide a reasonable number of copies of the budget summary thus prepared for distribution to citizens. The entire fiscal budget shall be available for public inspection in the Office of the Village Clerk-Treasurer during regular office hours.

e) Report and Hearing.

- The Village Board shall make a report no later than the Board's first November meeting. The report shall include the estimated cost of improvements as well as the estimated cost of operating the various departments and all other costs, including interest charges, for which money will have to be raised by taxation during the following year.
- 2) A summary of such budget and notice of the time and place where such budget and detail is available for public inspection and notice of the time and place for holding the public hearing thereon, shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the Village or legally posted at least fifteen (15) days prior to the time of such public hearing.
- 3) Not less than fifteen (15) days after the publication of the proposed budget and the notice of hearing thereon, the public hearing shall be held at the time and place stipulated, at which time any resident or taxpayer of the Village shall have an opportunity to be heard on the proposed budget. The budget hearing may be adjourned from time to time. Following the public hearing, the proposed appropriation ordinance may be changed or amended and shall take the same course in the Village Board as other ordinances.

Sec. 3-1-4 Changes in Budget

The amount of the tax to be levied or certified, the amounts of the various appropriations, and the purposes thereof shall not be changed after approval of the budget except upon the recommendation of the Village President and upon a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the entire membership of the Village Board. Notice of such transfer shall be given by publication within eight days thereafter in the official Village newspaper.

Sec. 3-1-5 Village Funds to Be Spent in Accordance with Appropriation

No money shall be drawn from the treasury of the Village, nor shall any obligation for the expenditure of money be incurred, except in pursuance of the annual appropriation in the adopted budget or when changed as authorized by Section 3-1-4 of this Chapter. At the close of each fiscal year any unencumbered balance of an appropriation shall revert to the general fund and shall be subject to re-appropriation; but appropriations may be made by the Board, to be paid out of the income of the current year, in furtherance of improvements or other objects or works which will not be completed within such year, and any such appropriation shall continue in force until the purpose for which it was made shall have been accomplished or abandoned.

Sec. 3-1-6 Fiscal Year

The calendar year shall be the fiscal year.

Sec. 3-1-7 Public Depositories

The Village Board shall designate the public depository or depositories within this State within which Village funds shall be deposited, and when the money is deposited in such depository in the name of the Village, Village officials and bondsman shall not be liable for such losses as are defined by State law. The interest arising there from shall be paid into the Village treasury. Pursuant to state law, designated public depositories shall be required to pledge U.S. Treasury notes equal in amount to any uninsured balance of the Village's deposit. The following financial institutions are designated as public depositories:

- a) National Exchange Trust & Bank Adell.
- b) State Local Government Investment Pool

Sec. 3-1-8 Claims against Village

- a) Village Board to Audit Accounts. Except as provided in Subsection (c), no account or demand against the Village shall be paid until it has been audited by the Village Board and an order drawn on the Village Treasury therefore. Every such account shall be itemized. Every such account or demand allowed in whole or in part shall be filed by the Village Clerk-Treasurer, and those of each year shall be consecutively numbered and have endorsed thereon the number of the order issued in payment.
- b) **Claims to Be Verified**. All accounts, demands or claims against the Village shall be verified by the claimant or proper official.
- c) **Payment of Regular Wages or Salaries**. Regular wages or salaries of Village officers and employees shall be paid by payroll, verified by the proper Village official, department head, board or commission and filed with the Village Clerk-Treasurer in time for payment on the regular pay day.

Sec. 3-1-9 Temporary Investment of Funds Not Immediately Needed

The Village Clerk-Treasurer may invest any Village funds not immediately needed, pursuant to Sees. 66.0603 And 219.05, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 3-1-10 Receiving Money; Receipt for Same

- a) The Village Clerk-Treasurer and his/her deputies shall not receive any money into the treasury from any source except on account of taxes levied and collected during the fiscal year for which they may then be serving, without giving a receipt therefore in the manner specified by the Village Board.
- b) Upon the payment of any money (except for taxes as herein provided), the Village Clerk-Treasurer, or his/her designees shall make out a receipt in duplicate for the money so received. The Village Clerk-Treasurer or his /her designees shall charge the amount thereof to the treasury and credit the proper account. The payment of the money to any receiving agent of the Village or to the Village or to the Village Clerk-Treasurer, or his/her designees shall be safeguarded in such manner as the Village Board shall direct.

Sec. 3-1-11 Statement of Real Property Status

The Village Clerk-Treasurer, and his/her designees are authorized to prepare a Statement of Real Property Status form to be used to provide information often requested for transfers of real property such as the amount of outstanding special assessments, deferred assessments, changes in assessments, amount of taxes, outstanding water and sewer bills, current water and sewer bills, contemplated improvements, outstanding citations on building code violations and similar information. Any such information sought shall be provided to the person requesting it on said form. Requests for Statements of Real Property Status shall be made to the Village Clerk-Treasurer or his/her designees a minimum of one (1) business day two (2) business days in advance, and charged a fee as prescribed in Section 1-3-1. In an emergency situation, and the information is needed in one (1) business day, a special "RUSH" request will be made, and charged as prescribed in Section 1-3-1. A fee as prescribed in Section 1-3-1 shall be charged for compiling this information. In providing this service, the Village of Adell and its officials assume no liability for such service nor is any warranty intended or implied. (Revised & Amended on 10/13/2010)

Sec. 3-1-12 Bidding Procedures

a) Adoption of City Bidding Procedures. Pursuant to Sec. 61.56, Wis. Stats., the Village of Adell does hereby provide that as a complete alternative to the requirements of Sections 61.54, 61.55, and 66.0901, Wis. Stats., and in lieu thereof, that the provisions of Sec. 62.15, Wis. Stats., shall be applicable to all Village contracts for public construction over Fifteen Thousand Dollars

(\$15,000.00). The authority vested in the Board of Public Works by Sec. 62.15, Wis. Stats., shall be exercised by the Village Board or by a committee designated by the Village Board.

b) Construction by the Village. Any class of public construction may be done directly by the Village without submitting the same for bids provided that the same is authorized by a vote of three-fourths (3/4) of all members of the Village Board.

Sec. 3-1-13 Bid Solicitation Procedures

a) **Definitions.**

- 1) **Verbal Quotation Form**. The Village solicits verbal quotations on items the Village purchases, which are less than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00). The results of the verbal quotations are recorded on a memorandum of verbal quotation form.
- 2) **Informal Quotation**. An informal quotation is a written request for quotation sent to vendors. The informal quotation is used for the purchase of goods and services in an amount less than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00).
- 3) **Formal Bid**. The formal bid procedure is used for purchasing goods and services in an amount of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) and higher, and in some instances in amounts less than this amount. The formal bid procedure requires a legal public notice and contains detailed, written specifications regarding the goods and services to be purchased, and a number of specific conditions associated with the purchase

b) Bid Solicitation.

- 1) Competitive bids or quotations may be obtained before contracting to purchase articles, goods, wares, material services or merchandise which amount in bulk to more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00). Purchases up to One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) may be made by telephone quotations, informal written quotations or formal bid. Purchases from One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) to Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) may be made by written quotation, telephone quotation or formal bid. Purchases of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) and over, pursuant to Subsection (a) above, shall be made by formal bid unless exempted from it by action of the Village Board.
- 2) Verbal quotations for goods and services should be secured from at least two (2) qualified vendors, and the results of the quotations shall be recorded on the "Memorandum of Verbal Quotation" form and signed by the person receiving the quotations.
- 3) Informal requests for written quotations should be solicited from at least three (3) qualified bidders on the request for quotation form. All written requests for quotations shall be issued by the applicable department heads and returned to and analyzed by the applicable department heads. Informal requests for written quotations may also be solicited by telephone. Vendors shall be given a reasonable time to respond to the request for an informal, written quotation and shall be given clear, concise specifications and informal bidding instructions to facilitate competitive bidding.
- 4) When a formal bid is required or deemed to be in the best interests of the Village, the bidding procedure shall follow the legal requirements associated with a Class One notice under State Statute and the procedures normally associated with the formal bid proposal.
- 5) The formal bid proposal will contain at least the following information:
 - a) The bid number.
 - b) A detailed description of the goods and services required, including enough information about the items or services required so that more than one (1) vendor can meet the specifications.
 - c) The time, date and place the bids will be opened.
 - d) The address to which the bids shall be mailed or delivered. Instructions to bidders shall include such information as delivery dates, transportation charges, proposal prices, conditions for guaranteeing the proposal, payment terms, right of rejection of proposals, right

to reject merchandise, insurance requirements, alternative proposal consideration, tax information, and other appropriate information regarding the awarding and execution of the contract and contract considerations.

- e) The bid proposal shall also include a section on special provisions including guarantees and service considerations, trade-in considerations, and other information relating to special conditions.
- 6) Specifications for all items purchased shall be developed with the full involvement and participation of the using departments. However, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall insure that the specifications are sufficiently broad enough that competition in the bidding process is preserved.

Sec. 3-1-14 Accounts Receivable Billing Procedures

Billings by the Village may be paid within thirty (30) days after billing without interest. Thereafter, interest may be charged at the rate of one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month or any fraction thereof, until the following fifteenth (15th) day of November. Bills not paid on or before the fifteenth (15th) day of November shall have added to the total amount due one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) of said charges shall be entered on the tax roll as a special charge, and become a lien upon real estate.

Sec. 3-1-15 Annual Audits

A firm of certified public accountants shall be employed each year by the Village, subject to the confirmation of the Village Board to conduct a detailed audit of the Village's financial transactions and its books, and to assist the Village Clerk-Treasurer in the management of the Village's financial affairs, including the Village's public utilities. These auditors shall be employed on a calendar-year basis. The books audited may, in addition to the financial records of the office of the Village Clerk-Treasurer, including the Treasurer's books, the Village's public utilities, Police Department records, and any other books of any boards, commission, officers or employees of the Village handling Village monies.

Sec. 3-1-16 Liability for Village for Acts of Agents

No agent of the Village of Adell having authority to employ labor or to purchase materials, supplies or any other commodities, may bind the Village or incur any indebtedness for which the Village may become liable without approval of the Board. Each such employment or purchase order shall be drawn against a specific appropriation, the money for which shall be available in the Village treasury and not subject to any prior labor claims or material purchase orders at the time when such employment is negotiated or purchase order drawn. The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall keep a record of such employment and purchase orders and shall charge them against the proper appropriation.

Sec. 3-1-17 Fee for Returning Checks with Insufficient Funds; Reimbursement of Collection Costs

- a) There shall be a fee as prescribed in Section 1-3-1 for processing checks made payable to the Village that are returned because of insufficient funds in the account in question.
- b) Collection costs and attorneys fees shall be added to the principal amounts of unpaid bills owed to the Village that are placed with collection agencies.

Sec. 3-1-18 Delinquent Personal Property Taxes

a) Pursuant to the authority of Sec. 74.80(2), Wis. Stats., the Village hereby imposes a penalty of one-half percent (0.5%) per month or fraction of a month, in addition to the interest prescribed by Sec. 74.80(1), Wis. Stats., on all overdue or delinquent personal property taxes retained for collection by the Village or eventually charged back to the Village by the County for purposes of collection under Sec. 74.31, Wis. Stats.

b) This penalty of one-half percent (0.5%) per month or fraction of a month shall apply to any personal property taxes which are overdue or delinquent

Sec. 3-1-19 Policy for Public Deposits and Investments

a) Purpose. Cash and investments generally represent the largest asset on the Village's balance sheet, and the Village frequently has cash available for short-term, intermediate and long-term investments. Therefore, it is important that the Village establish a policy to ensure continuous prudent investment of available Village funds. It is in the interest of the Village of Adell to adopt a policy to insure continuous prudent deposits and investments of available Village funds. The Village Board of the Village of Adell establishes the following policies in the public interest for the deposit and investment of available Village funds.

b) Public Depositories.

- 1) **Depositories**. The Village Board shall, by ordinance or resolution, designate one (1) or more public depositories, organized and doing business under the laws of this state or federal law, and located in Wisconsin, in which the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall deposit all public monies received by her/him.
- 2) Limitations. The resolution or ordinance designating one (1) or more public depositories shall specify whether the monies shall be maintained in time deposits subject to the limitations of Sec. 66.0603(lm), Wis. Stats., demand deposits or savings deposits, and whether a surety bond or other security shall be required to be furnished under Sec. 34.07, Wis. Stats., by the public depository to secure the repayment of such deposits. Not more than Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) shall be deposited in any one (1) public depository, unless specifically authorized by the Village Board.
- 3) **Deposits**. The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall deposit public monies in the name of the Village of Adell in such public depositories designated by the Village Board and subject to the limitations hereinabove set forth.
- 4) **Withdrawals**. Withdrawals or disbursements by the Village Clerk-Treasurer of monies deposited in a public depository shall be made as provided by Sec. 66.0607, Wis. Stats. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized, at her/his discretion, to process periodic payments through the use of money transfer techniques as set forth in Sec. 66.0607, Wis. Stats.

c) Investments.

- 1) **Management**. Subject to the provisions of this policy, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall have control of and discretion in the investment of all Village funds that are not immediately needed and are available for investment.
- 2) Intent. It is the intent of the Village Board that the Village Clerk-Treasurer utilize a wise and prudent cash management system within the level of her/his expertise in such a manner to insure maximum investment earnings, while at the same time be able to respond promptly to authorized expenditures. Safety, liquidity and yield will be the prime requisites for the investment of Village funds.
- 3) **Scope**. This policy is limited in its application to funds which are not immediately needed and are available for investment. Other funds, the investment of which is subject to special federal and/or state laws and regulations, shall be invested in accordance with such laws and regulations to the extent they may be inconsistent with the provisions of this policy.
- 4) Responsibility. In exercising her/his investment responsibilities, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall exercise the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a similar capacity, having the same resources, and familiar with like matters in the management of a similar activity, with a like purpose.
- d) **Investment Factors**. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized and directed to utilize investment options as set forth within these guidelines, and that the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall take into consideration the following factors which are listed in order of priority to the investment decision:

- 1) **Certificates of Deposit**. Village funds may be invested in certificates of deposit maturing within one (1) year or less from the date of investment issued by any banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions which are authorized to transact business in the State of Wisconsin. The financial institutions must have been designated as a public depository of the Village by resolution or ordinance of the Village Board.
- 2) Government Bonds and Securities. Village funds may be invested in United States government bonds or securities which are direct obligations of or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the federal government; and, bonds or securities which are obligations of any agency, commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government, where principal and interest are guaranteed by the federal government. The securities must be purchased through financial institutions authorized to conduct business in the State of Wisconsin and placed in safekeeping in a segregated account in the Village's name at any designated public depository or approved financial institution.
- 3) **Government Investment Pool**. Village funds may be invested in the Wisconsin Local Government Pool Investment Fund without restriction as to the amount of deposit or collateralization.
- 4) Repurchase Agreements. Village funds may be invested in repurchase agreements, in financial institutions authorized to conduct business in the State of Wisconsin. Repurchase agreements can only be made in securities which are direct obligations of or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the federal government; and, securities which are obligations of an agency, commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government, where principal and interest are guaranteed by the federal government. Securities purchased by a repurchase agreement must be placed in safekeeping in a segregated account in the Village's name at any designated public depository or approved financial institution.
- 5) **Wisconsin Investment Trust**. Village funds may be invested in the Wisconsin Investment Trust without restrictions as to the amount of deposit or collateralization.
- 6) **Savings Deposit**. Village funds may be temporarily invested in savings deposits.
- 7) Securities. The Village Clerk-Treasurer may invest in private securities which are senior to, or on parity with, a security of the same issuer which is rated highest or second highest by Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Corporation or other similar nationally recognized rating agency.
- e) Safety.
 - In order to safeguard investments and deposits, the Village shall acquire of each public depository its annual financial statements and evaluate such statements as to the financial soundness of the depository. Also to be reviewed are other pertinent financial information filed with regulatory agencies.
 - 2) The Village shall require, when investing in repurchase agreements, that collateral be pledged by the depository in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the repurchase agreements the Village has with such depository. In excess of FDIC coverage, the collateral shall be direct obligations of the United States, or of its agencies if the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed by the federal government, or obligations of the State of Wisconsin, or of the Village of Adell. Evidence of such collateral shall be provided by the depository.
 - 3) Consideration shall also be given to the total amount of existing Village funds which are already in such depository and/or the capacity of the depository to handle the size of the deposit or investment with consideration of federal depository insurance and State of Wisconsin Guarantee Fund requirements

f) Liquidity.

- 1) The maturity of any investment shall be determined by analyzing the following factors:
 - a) Immediate cash requirements.
 - b) Projected expenditures.
 - c) Available funds on hand.

- d) Maturing investments.
- e) Anticipated revenues
- Investments shall not extend beyond any recognized unfunded cash needs of the Village. Major consideration of maturity dates should be given to requirements of the payroll, debt service, and the bi-monthly bills and claims.

g) Yield.

- 1) Yield shall be the final determining factor of the investment decision.
- 2) Bids shall be required of all investments that exceed both One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) and a thirty (30) day or longer maturity date. A minimum of three (3) bids from the Village's public depository list shall be acquired. Exceptions to the bid process include only the purchase of obligations of the U.S. Treasury and deposits in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool, which shall be registered in the Village's name.

h) Miscellaneous.

- Liability. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Village Clerk-Treasurer who deposits public monies in any public depository, in compliance with Sec. 34.05, Wis. Stats., is, under the provisions of Sec. 34.06, Wis. Stats., relieved of any liability for any loss of public monies which results from the failure of any public depository to repay to the public depositor the full amount of its deposits, thus causing a loss as defined in Sec. 34.01(2), Wis. Stats.
- 2) **Definitions**. Words or phrases shall, insofar as applicable, have the meaning set forth in Sec. 34.01, Wis. Stats., as amended.
- 3) **Conflicts**. This Section is enacted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 34 and Sec. 66.0603, Wis. Stats. In case of conflict, the state laws shall prevail.

Sec. 3-1-20 A Resolution to Establish a General Fund Balance Policy

Municipality Code: 59-101

#2006-03

VILLAGE OF ADELL

A RESOLUTION TO ESTABLISH GENERAL FUND BALANCE POLICY

STATE OF WISCONSIN Village of Adell Sheboygan County

A formal written policy governing the purpose and acceptable range of the Village's general fund balance is an effective financial management tool to responsibly utilize Village resources to stabilize the Village's mil rate and ensure the continued provision of services to residents. An adequate general fund balance provides resources to:

- Maintain sufficient working capital to finance operating expenditures without short-term borrowing for cash flow purposes.
- Temporarily finance unanticipated expenditures or unusual fluctuation in the Village's revenue sources.

Accordingly, the Village of Adell should strive to maintain a general fund balance equal to between 60 days, or 16.6% and 90 days, or 25%, of budgeted appropriations excluding budgeted debt service and capital outlay expenditures. In determining the acceptable range of general fund balance, the Village considered the following factors:

- Historical stability of the Village's revenue, expenditures and mil rate.
- Timing of revenue collections in relation to payments made for operational expenditures.
- Anticipated growth in the Village's valuation and/or services to be provided to Village residents.

To maintain the Village's general fund balance within the acceptable range, the Village shall strive to:

- Eliminate the budgeted use of fund balance if its use would reduce the available balance below policy minimums.
- Apply any operational surplus at the end of any fiscal year to the reserve for working capital if necessary to meet policy minimums.

The Village's fund balance policy is subject to review and change by Village management and elected officials on a regular basis.

Dated this 10thday of May, 2006.

Andy Schmitt, Village President

Attest:

Rhonda Klatt, Village Clerk/Treasurer

Sec. 3-1-21 An Ordinance for an Alternative Claim Procedure

Municipality Code: 59-101

#2006-08

VILLAGE OF ADELL

AN ORDINANCE FOR AN ALTERNATIVE CLAIM PROCEDURE

STATE OF WISCONSIN Village of Adell Sheboygan County

Section 1. **Purpose and Intent.** It is the declared intent of this ordinance that provision be made for paying ordinary bills received and due prior to the next date for Board approval to expedite bill payment and avoid interest penalties.

Section 2. **Authority.** This ordinance is adopted pursuant to the authority granted to Village boards under Sec. 66.0609 of the Wis. Stats. to enact an alternative system for approving financial claims against the Village in addition to claims under Sec. 893.80 of Wis. Stats.

Section 3. **Procedures of Clerk/Treasurer upon payment of ordinary bills due prior to a Board meeting.** To allow a procedure whereby an ordinary bill may be paid prior to Board approval to expedite payment, the clerk will certify the claim that the goods or service was rendered properly and consistent with the authorization given for its expenditure and verify that the funds are available based on the budget approved by the Board.

Further, the Village clerk shall prepare monthly and file with the village Board a list of claims paid under this procedure, listing the amount of the claims, the date paid, the name of the claimant, and that the payment was a payment for ordinary claims due prior to the Board meeting.

Section 4. **Issuance of Disbursement from Local Treasury.** Upon approval of the claim by the Village Clerk/Treasurer under the procedures listed in Section 3 of this ordinance, a check payable to the claimant and in the amount approved shall be written and signed by the Village Clerk/Treasurer, as required by Sec. 66.0607 of Wis. Stats.

Section 5. **Mailing or delivery of check to claimant**. Upon issuance of the proper countersigned check, pursuant to the procedures in this ordinance, the check shall be delivered to the claimant by the Village Clerk/Treasurer.

Section 6. **Pursuant to Sec. 66.0609(3) of Wisc. Stats.**, these procedures require an annual audit of its financial transactions and accounts by a public accountant designated by the Village Board.

Adopted this 13th day of September, 2006.

BY:

ATTEST:_

Andy Schmitt, President

Rhonda J. Klatt, Village Clerk/Treasurer

Chapter 2 Special Assessments

Sec. 3-2-1 Village Board May Levy Special Assessments

- a) The Village of Adell, by resolution of its Village Board, may levy and collect special assessments upon property in a limited and determinable area for special benefits conferred upon such property by any municipal work or improvement and may provide for the payment of all or any part of the cost of the work or improvement.
- b) The amount assessed against any property for any work or improvement which does not represent an exercise of the police power shall not exceed the value of the benefits accruing to the property there from, and for those representing an exercise of the police power, the assessment shall be upon a reasonable basis as determined by the Village Board.

Sec. 3-2-2 Resolutions and Report Required

- a) Prior to making any such special assessments, the Village Board shall declare by preliminary resolution its intention to exercise such powers for a stated municipal purpose. Such resolution shall describe generally the contemplated purpose, the limits of the proposed assessment district, the number of installments in which the special assessments may be paid or that the number of installments will be determined at the hearing required under Section 3-2-5 of this Chapter and direct the proper municipal officer or employee to make a report thereon. Such resolution may limit the proportion of the cost to be assessed.
- b) The report required by Subsection (a) shall consist of:
 - 1) Preliminary or final plans and specifications.
 - 2) An estimate of the entire cost of the proposed work or improvement.
 - 3) An estimate, as to each parcel of property affected, of:
 - a) The assessment of benefits to be levied.
 - b) The damages to be awarded for property taken or damaged,
 - c) The net amount of such benefits over damages or the net amount of such damages over benefits.
 - 4) A statement that the property against which the assessments are proposed is benefited, where the work or improvements constitute an exercise of the police power. In such case the estimates required under Subsection (3) shall be replaced by a schedule of the proposed assessments.
 - 5) A copy of the report when completed shall be filed with the Village Clerk-Treasurer for public inspection
- c) When the Village Board determines by resolution that the hearing on the assessments be held subsequent to the completion of the work or improvement or the rending of the service, the report required by Sec. 66.0703, Wis. Stats, and Subsections (a) and (b) above, shall contain a statement of the final cost of the work, service or improvement in lieu of an estimate of the cost.

Sec. 3-2-3 Costs That May Be Paid by Special Assessment

The cost of any work or improvement to be paid in whole or in part by special assessment on property may include the direct and indirect cost thereof, the damages occasioned thereby, the interest on bonds or notes issued in anticipation of the collection of the assessments, a reasonable charge for the services of the administrative staff of the Village and the cost of any architectural, engineering and legal services, and any other item of direct or indirect cost which may reasonably be attributed to the proposed work or improvement. The amount to be assessed against all property for any such proposed work or improvement shall be apportioned among the individual parcels in the manner designated by the Village Board.

Sec. 3-2-4 Exemptions; Deductions

If any property deemed benefited shall by reason of any provision of law be exempt from assessment therefore, such assessment shall be computed and shall be paid by the Village. Generally, all abutting property owners shall pay special assessments.

Sec. 3-2-5 Notice of Proposed or Approved Project

On the completion and filing of the report required in Section 3-2-2(b)(5) of this Chapter, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall give notice stating the nature of the proposed or approved work or improvement, the general boundary lines of the proposed assessment district, the place and time at which the report may be inspected and the place and time at which all interested persons, their agents or attorneys may appear before the Village Board or committee thereof and be heard concerning the matters contained in the preliminary resolution and report. Such notice shall be given either by publication in the official Village newspaper or posted in not less than three (3) public places within the Village and a copy of said notice shall be mailed to each interested person whose post office address is known. The hearing shall commence not less than ten (10) days and not more than forty (40) days after the publication or posting of said notice.

Sec. 3-2-6 Board Action after Hearing

- a) After the hearing, the Village Board may approve, disapprove, modify or re-refer the report to the designated officer or employee with such directions as it deems necessary to change the plans and specifications so as to accomplish a fair and equitable assessment.
- b) If an assessment be made against any property and an award of compensation or damage be made in favor of the property, the Village Board shall assess only the difference between such assessment of benefits and the award of compensation or damage.
- c) If the work or improvement has not been previously authorized or approved, the Village Board shall approve the work or improvement and by resolution direct that the same be done and paid for in accordance with the report finally approved.
- d) If the work or improvement has been approved by the Village Board or work s, commenced or completed prior to the filing of the report or prior to the hearing, then the Village Board shall by resolution confirm the report as made or modified and provide for payment in whole or in part by assessment.
- e) The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall publish the final resolutions as required in Section 3-2-5 of this Chapter.
- f) After the publication of the final resolution, any work or improvement provided for and not yet authorized, shall be deemed fully authorized and all awards of compensation or damage and all assessments made shall be deemed duly and properly made, subject to the right of appeal by Sec. 66.0703(12), Wis. Stats., or any other applicable provision of law.

Sec. 3-2-7 Board's Power to Amend, Cancel or Confirm Special Assessment

If after completion or after the receipt of bids, the actual cost of any work or improvement is found to vary materially from the original estimate or the assessment if void or invalid for any reason, or if the Village Board determines to reconsider an assessment, it is empowered, after giving notice as required in Section 3-2-5 to amend, cancel or confirm any prior assessment and notice of this amending, canceling or confirming be given by the Village Clerk-Treasurer as provided in Section 3-2-6 of this Chapter.

Sec. 3-2-8 Where Cost of Improvement is Less than Assessment

If the cost of the work or improvement is less than the assessment levied, the Village board without notice or hearing shall reduce each assessment proportionately. If the assessment has been paid either in part or in full the Village shall refund the property owner such overpayment.

Sec. 3-2-9 Appealed Assessments Payable When Due

Pursuant to Sec. 66.0703, Wis. Stats., it shall be a condition to the maintenance of any appeal that any assessment appealed shall be paid when due and payable and upon default in payment any such appeal shall be dismissed.

Sec. 3-2-10 Special Assessment a Lien on Property

Pursuant to Sec. 66.0703, Wis. Stats., any special assessment levied under this Chapter shall be a lien on the property against which it is levied on behalf of the Village. The Village Board shall provide for the collection of such assessments and may establish penalties for payment after the due date. The Village Board shall provide that all assessments not paid by the date specified shall be extended upon the tax roll as a delinquent tax against the property and all proceedings in relation to the collection of such delinquent taxes shall apply to such assessment, except as otherwise provided by statute.

Sec. 3-2-11 Special Charges Permissible

- a) In addition to all other methods provided by law, special charges for current services may be imposed by the Village Board by allocating all or part of the cost of the property served. Such may include snow and ice removal, weed elimination, street sprinkling, oiling or tarring, repair of sidewalks or curb and gutter, garbage and refuse disposal, sewer service and tree care or removal. The provision for notice of such charges shall be optional with the Village Board except that in the case of street, sidewalk, curb or gutter repair, twenty (20) days notice published in the Village newspaper, or by posting such notice in three (3) places in the Village and a copy of such notice mailed to every interested person whose post office address is known at least ten (10) days before the hearing or proceeding. Such notice shall specify that on a certain date a hearing will be held by the Village Board as to whether the service in question shall be performed. Amounts less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be paid in one (1) installment.
- b) Such special charges shall not be payable in installments. If not paid within the period fixed by the Village Board, such delinquent charge shall become a lien as provided in Section 3-2-11 of this Chapter.
- c) Section 3-2-2(a) of this Chapter shall not be applicable to proceedings under this Section.

Sec. 3-2-12 Miscellaneous Provisions

- a) If any assessment or charge levied under this Chapter is invalid because such statutes are found to be unconstitutional, the Village Board may thereafter reassess such assessment or charge pursuant to the provisions of any applicable law.
- b) The Village Board may, without notice or hearing, levy and assess all or any part of the cost of any work or improvement upon the property benefited if notice and hearing is waived in writing by property owners affected.
- c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, or this or other ordinance or resolution, it is specifically intended and provided by this Chapter that the Village may levy special assessments for work or improvement against the property benefited either before or after the approval of the work plans and specifications, contracting for the work or completing the work or improvement.
- d) If any affected property owner objects to the Village performing or contracting the work or improvement, said property owner(s) shall be entitled to contract individually the required work or improvement as long as it is performed in a reasonable and workmanlike manner. Upon prior

approval by the Village, the Village agrees to reimburse the property owner(s) for a portion of said bill at a rate to be determined by the Village Board, annually

Sec. 3-2-13 Special Assessment B Bonds

As an alternative to any other financing method, the Village Board may provide for the payment of the initial cost of any public improvement from the proceeds of special assessment "B" bonds issued under Sec. 66.0713(4), Wis. Stats. Special assessments to retire such bonds and pay the interest thereon shall be levied under Sec. 66.0713(4), Wis. Stats., payable in such installments at a rate to be determined by the Board based upon borrowed money rates at the time of the special assessment.

Chapter 3 Public Records

Sec. 3-3-1 Definitions

- a) Authority. Any of the following Village of Adell entities having custody of a Village record: an office, elected official, agency, board, commission, committee, council, department or public body corporate and politic created by constitution, law, ordinance, rule or order; or a formally constituted subunit of the foregoing.
- b) Custodian. That officer, department head, division head, or employee of the Village designated under Section 3-3-3 or otherwise responsible by law to keep and preserve any Village records or file, deposit or keep such records in his or her office, or is lawfully in possession or entitled to possession of such public records and who is required by this Section to respond to requests for access to such records.
- c) **Record**. Any material on which written, drawn, printed, spoken, visual or electromagnetic information is recorded or preserved, regardless of physical form or characteristics, which has been created or is being kept by an authority. "Record" includes, but is not limited to, handwritten, typed or printed pages, maps, charts, photographs, films, recordings, tapes (including computer tapes), and computer printouts. "Record" does not include drafts, notes, preliminary computations and like materials prepared for the originator's personal use or prepared by the originator in the name of a person for whom the originator is working; materials which are purely the personal property of the custodian and have no relation to his or her office; materials to which access is limited by copyright, patent or bequest; and published materials in the possession of an authority other than a public library which are available for sale, or which are available for inspection at a public library.
- d) **Direct Cost**. The actual cost of personnel plus all expenses for paper, copier time, depreciation and supplies.
- e) **Actual Cost**. The total cost of personnel including wages, fringe benefits and all other benefits and overhead related to the time spent in search of records.

Sec. 3-3-2 Duty to Maintain Records

- a) Except as provided under Sections 3-3-7, 3-3-9, each officer and employee of the Village shall safely keep and preserve all records received from his or her predecessor or other persons and required by law to be filed, deposited or kept in his or her office or which are in the lawful possession or control of the officer or employee or his or her deputies, or to the possession or control of which he or she or they may be lawfully entitled as such officers or employees.
- b) Upon the expiration of an officer's term of office or an employee's term of employment, or whenever the office or position of employment becomes vacant, each such officer or employee shall deliver to his or her successor all records then in his or her custody and the successor shall receipt therefore to the officer or employee, who shall file said receipt with the Village Clerk-Treasurer. If a vacancy occurs before a successor is selected or qualifies, such records shall be delivered to and receipted for by the Village Clerk-Treasurer, on behalf of the successor, to be delivered to such successor upon the latter's receipt.

Sec. 3-3-3 Legal Custodian(s)

- a) Each elected official is the legal custodian of his or her records and the records of his or her office, but the official may designate the Village Clerk-Treasurer to act as the legal custodian.
- b) Unless provided in Subsection (c), the Village Clerk-Treasurer or the Village Clerk-Treasurer's designee shall act as legal custodian for the Village and for any committees, commissions, boards,

or other authorities created by ordinance or resolution of the Village Board. The following offices or authorities shall have as a legal custodian of records the individual so named.

Authority

General Village & Board Records Department of Public Works Land Use Records Fire Department

Designated Legal Custodian Village Clerk-Treasurer Director of Public Works Building Inspector Fire Chief

- c) For every authority not specified in Subsections (a) and (b), the authority's chief administrative officer is the legal custodian for the authority, but the officer may designate an employee of his or her staff to act as the legal custodian.
- d) Each legal custodian shall name a person to act as legal custodian in his or her absence or in the absence of his or her designee, and each legal custodian shall send notice of the designated deputy to the Village Clerk-Treasurer.
- e) The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall establish criteria for establishing the records system and shall cause the department/office records system to be reviewed on an annual basis

Sec. 3-3-4 Public Access to Records

- a) Except as provided in Section 3-3-6 any person has a right to inspect a record and to make or receive a copy of any record of provided in Sec. 19.35(1), Wis. Stats.
- b) Records will be available for inspection and copying during all regular office hours.
- c) If regular office hours are not maintained at the location where records are kept, the records will be available for inspection and copying upon at least forty-eight (48) hours' advance notice of intent to inspect or copy.
- d) A requester shall be permitted to use facilities comparable to those available to Village employees to inspect, copy or abstract a record.
- e) The legal custodian may require supervision during inspection or may impose other reasonable restrictions on the manner of access to an original record if the record is irreplaceable or easily damaged.
- A requester shall be charged a per-page fee as prescribed in Section 1-3-1 to defray the cost of copying records.
 - 1) If the form of a written record does not permit copying, the actual and necessary cost of photographing and photographic processing shall be charged.
 - 2) The actual full cost of providing a copy of other records not in printed form on paper, such as films, computer printouts and audio- and video-tapes, shall be charged.
 - 3) If mailing or shipping is necessary, the actual cost thereof shall also be charged.
 - 4) There shall be no charge for locating a record unless the actual cost therefore exceeds Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), in which case the actual cost shall be determined by the legal custodian and billed to the requester.
 - 5) The legal custodian shall estimate the cost of all applicable fees and shall require a cash deposit adequate to assure payment, if such estimate exceeds Five Dollars (\$5.00).
 - 6) Elected and appointed officials of the Village shall not be required to pay for public records they may reasonably require for the proper performance of their official duties.
 - 7) The legal custodian may provide copies of a record without charge or at a reduced charge where he or she determines that waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest.
- g) Pursuant to Sec. 19.34, Wis. Stats., and the guidelines therein listed, each authority shall adopt, prominently display and make available for inspection and copying at its offices, for the guidance of the public, a notice containing a description of its organization and the established times and places at which, the legal custodian from whom, and the methods whereby, the public may obtain information and access to records in its custody, make requests for records, or obtain copies of records, and the costs thereof. This Subsection does not apply to members of the Village Board

Sec. 3-3-5 Access Procedures

- a) A request to inspect or copy a record shall be made to the legal custodian. A request shall be deemed sufficient if it reasonably describes the requested record or the information requested. However, a request for a record without a reasonable limitation as to subject matter or length of time represented by the record does not constitute a sufficient request. A request may be made orally, but a request must be in writing before an action to enforce the request is commenced under Sec. 19.37, Wis. Stats. Except as provided below, no request may be refused because the person making the request is unwilling to be identified or to state the purpose of the request. No request may be refused because the request is received by mail, unless prepayment of a fee is required under Section 3-3-4(f) (6). A requester may be required to show acceptable identification whenever the requested record is kept at a private residence or whenever security reasons or federal law or regulations so require.
- b) Each custodian, upon request for any record, shall, as soon as practicable and without delay, either fill the request or notify the requester of the authority's determination to deny the request in whole or in part and the reasons therefore. If the legal custodian, after conferring with the Village Attorney, determines that a written request is as general as to be unduly time consuming, the party making the request may first be required to itemize his or her request in a manner which would permit reasonable compliance.
- c) A request for a record may be denied as provided in Section 3-3-6. If a request is made orally, the request may be denied orally unless a demand for a written statement of the reasons denying the request is made by the requester within five business days of the oral denial. If a written request is denied in whole or in part, the requester shall receive a written statement of the reasons for denying the request. Every written denial of a request shall inform the requester that, if the request for the record was made in writing, then the determination is subject to review upon petition for a writ of mandamus under Sec. 19.37(1), Wis. Stats., or upon application to the attorney general or a district attorney.

Sec. 3-3-6 Limitations on Right to Access

- a) As provided in Sec. 19.36, Wis. Stats., the following records are exempt from inspection under this Chapter.
 - 1) Records specifically exempted from disclosure by state or federal law or authorized to be exempted from disclosure by state law;
 - Any record relating to investigative information obtained for law enforcement purposes if federal law or regulations require exemption from disclosure or if exemption from disclosure is a condition to receipt of aids by the state;
 - 3) Computer programs and files, although the material used as input for a computer program/file or the material produced as a product of the computer program is subject to inspection; and
 - 4) Pursuant to Sec. 905.08, Wis. Stats., a record or any portion of a record containing information qualifying as a common law trade secret. "Trade secrets" are defined as unpatented, secret, commercially valuable plans, appliances, formulas, or processes which are used for making, preparing, compounding, treating or processing articles, materials or information which is obtained from a person and which is generally recognized as confidential
- b) As provided by Sec. 43.30, Wis. Stats., public library circulation records are exempt from inspection under this Section.
- c) In responding to a request for inspection or copying of a record which is not specifically exempt from disclosure, the legal custodian, after conferring with the Village Attorney, may deny the request, in whole or in part, only if he or she determines that the harm to the public interest resulting from disclosure would outweigh the public interest in full access to the requested record. Examples of matters for which disclosure may be refused include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1) Records obtained under official pledges of confidentiality which were necessary and given in order to obtain the information contained in them.
- 2) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I) (a), Wis. Stats., records of current deliberations after a quasi-judicial hearing.
- 3) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(l)(b) and (c), Wis. Stats., records of current deliberations concerning employment, dismissal, promotion, demotion, compensation, performance, or discipline of any Village officer or employee, or the investigation of charges against a Village officer or employee, unless such officer or employee consents to such disclosure.
- 4) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I) (d), Wis. Stats., records concerning current strategy for crime detection or prevention.
- 5) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I) (e), Wis. Stats., records of current deliberations or negotiations on the purchase of Village property, investing of Village funds or other Village business whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require nondisclosure.
- 6) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I) (f), Wis. Stats., financial, medical, social or personal histories or disciplinary data of specific persons which, if disclosed, would be likely to have a substantial adverse effect upon the reputation of any person referred to in such history or data.
- 7) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I) (g), Wis. Stats., communications between legal counsel for the Village and any officer, agent or employee of the Village, when advice is being rendered concerning strategy with respect to current litigation in which the Village or any of its officers, agents or employees is or is likely to become involved, or communications which are privileged under Sec. 905.03, Wis. Stats.
- 8) Pursuant to Sec. 19.85(I)(h), Wis. Stats., requests for confidential written advice from an ethics board, and records of advice given by such ethics board on such requests.
- d) If a record contains information that may be made public and information that may not be made public, the custodian of the record shall provide the information that may be made public and delete the information that may not be made public from the record before release. The custodian shall confer with the Village Attorney prior to releasing any such record and shall follow the guidance of the Village Attorney when separating out the exempt material. If, in the judgment of the custodian and the Village Attorney, there is no feasible way to separate the exempt material from the nonexempt material without unreasonably jeopardizing nondisclosure of the exempt material, the entire record shall be withheld from disclosure.
- e) Whenever the Assessor, in the performance of the Assessor's duties, requests or obtains income and expense information pursuant to Sec. 70.47(7)(af), Wis. Stats., or any successor statute thereto, then, such income and expense information that is provided to the Assessor shall be held by the Assessor on a confidential basis, except, however, that the information may be revealed to and used by persons: in the discharge of duties imposed by law; in the discharge of duties imposed by office (including, but not limited to, use by the Assessor in performance of official duties of the Assessor's office and use by the Board of Review in performance of its official duties); or pursuant to order of a court. Income and expense information provided to the Assessor under Sec. 70.47(7) (af), Wis. Stats., unless a court determines that it is inaccurate, is, per Sec. 70.47(7) (af), Wis. Stats., not subject to the right of insertion and copying under Sec. 19.35(1), Wis. Stats.

Sec. 3-3-7 Retention and Destruction of Records

- a) Historical Records. Under Sec. 19.21(4) (a), Wis. Stats., municipalities must notify the State Historical Society of Wisconsin (SHSW) prior to destroying records. However, the SHSW has waived the required sixty (60) days notice for any record marked "W" (waived notice). SHSW must be notified prior to destruction of a record marked "N" (non-waived). Notice is also required for any record not listed in this Section.
- b) **Microfilming or Optical Imaging of Records**. Local units of government may keep and preserve public records through the use of microfilm providing the microfilm or optical imaging meets the

applicable standards in Sec. 16.612, Wis. Stats. Retention periods and estimated costs and benefits of converting records between media should be considered. After verification, paper records converted to microfilm or optical imaging should be destroyed. The retention periods identified in this Section apply to records in any media.

- c) **Destruction after Request for Inspection**. No requested records may be destroyed until after the request is granted or sixty (60) days after the request is denied. If an action is commenced under Sec. 19.37, Wis. Stats., the requested record may not be destroyed until after a court order is issued and all appeals have been completed. [See Sec. 19.35(5), Wis. Stats.]
- d) **Destruction Pending Litigation**. No record subject to pending litigation shall be destroyed until the litigation is resolved.
- e) **Review and Approval by Public Records and Forms Board**. This Chapter and the retention periods of less than seven (7) years have been reviewed and approved by the Public Records and Forms Board.
- f) Legend. The following terms shall be applicable in Sections 3-3-7 and 3-3-8:
 - 1) **Records Description**. Provides a brief description of the records. Group specific items such as forms into logical groups that have the same function or purpose.
 - 2) **Period of Retention**. Refers to the time that the identified records must be kept until destruction.
 - a) **CR** stands for creation which usually refers to receipt or creation of the record.
 - b) **FIS** stands for current fiscal year and the additional amount of time as indicated.
 - c) **EVT** stands for event and refers to an occurrence that starts the retention "Clock ticking". Close of contract, termination of employees, and disposition of a case are common events.
 - d) P stands for permanent retention
 - 3) **Time** is expressed in years unless specifically identified as month or day.
 - 4) **Authority** refers to any specific statutory, administrative rule, or specific regulation that determines retention of the record. In most cases this will be blank because units of government have discretion to establish a time period.
 - 5) **SHSW Notify** refers to whether or not the State Historical Society of Wisconsin has waived the required statutory notification prior to destruction of records.
 - a) W means records are not historical and the required notification is waived.
 - b) **N** means the records may have secondary historical value and therefore SHSW notification is required on a case-by-case basis prior to destruction.
 - c) **N/A** means not applicable and refers to those circumstances where a local unit of government is retaining a record permanently.

Sec. 3-3-8 Specific Records Retention Provisions

The following public records may be destroyed after the expiration of the designated retention period:

Type of Record	Records	Period of Retention	SHSW Notice
Accounting	AP Purchase Invoices	FIS + 7 years	W
-	AP Vouchers	FIS + 7 years	W
	AR Invoices	FIS + 7 years	W
	AR Receipts	FIS + 7 years	W
	Collection Blotters	FIS + 1 year (after audit)	W
Board of Review	Form of objection to property assessment and supporting documentation	EVT + 7 years (after final action by Board of Review or completion of appeal)	W
	Minute Book of Board of Review	CR + 7 years	Ν
	Proceedings of the Board of Review on audio tapes or as stenographic notes including any transcriptions thereof	EVT + 7 years (after final action by Board of Review or completion of appeal)	W
	Notice of Determinations of the Board of	EVT + 7 years (after final action by	W

		Review	Board of Review or completion of	
			appeal)	
Budget & Audit	t	Budget worksheets	FIS + 3 years	W
		Minutes of the Board estimates	Permanent	N/A
		Final budget	Permanent	N/A
		Audit Reports	Permanent	N/A
Building Permi	ts	Applications and permits	EVT (Life of structure)	W
		Code Compliance inspection reports	EVT (Life of structure)	W
		Inspection address file	EVT (Life of structure)	W
		Certificates of occupancy	EVT (until superseded)	W
		Energy calculation worksheets	CR + 3 years	
		State approved commercial building plans	EVT +4 years	W
		Permit fee receipts	FIS + 7 years (provided record has	W
			been audited)	
		Permit Ledger	CR + 7 years	W
		Village attorney's case file; copy	EVT + 1 year (after case has been	W
			closed)	
		Quarter section maps,	EVT (until superseded)	W
		Records of Zoning Board of Appeals	Permanent	N/A
		Records of the Plan Commission	Permanent	N/A
Election		Voter serial number slips	EVT + (14 days after primary, 21	W
Records			after election)	
		Absentee applications	EVT + (90 days after election, 22	W
			months after federal election)	
		Tally sheets, inspector's statements,	EVT (90 days after election, 22	W
		nomination papers, etc.	months after federal election)	
		Official canvass statement	EVT + (10 years after election)	W
		Registration and poll lists	EVT + (4 years after election)	W
		Cancelled registration cards	EVT + (4 years after cancellation)	W
		Election Notices	EVT + (1 yr after election, 22	W
			months after federal election)	
		Proofs of publication & correspondence	EVT + (1 yr after election, 22	W
			months after federal election)	
		Campaign registration statements	EVT + (6 yrs after termination by	W
			registrant)	
		Campaign finance reports	EVT + (6 yrs after date of receipt)	W
5 5	&	Field notes	Permanent	N/A
Public Works		Developments have been	Democrat	N1/A
		Benchmark books	Permanent	N/A
		Section Corner monument logs	Permanent	N/A
		Aerial photographs	EVT (until superseded)	W
		Village Maps	Permanent	N/A
		Water, storm and sanitary sewer main	Permanent	N/A
		maps Profile & Grade Books	Permanent	N/A
			Permanent	N/A
		Excavation plans of private utilities Index to maps	Permanent	N/A
		Preliminary subdivision plats	EVT (until superseded by final plat)	W
		Final subdivision plats	Permanent	N/A
		Annexation plats	Permanent	N/A
		Assessor's plats	Permanent	N/A
		Structure plans for Village buildings &	EVT (life of structure)	N
		bridges		IN I
		Annual Reports	Permanent	N/A
		Records of Plan Commission	Permanent	N/A
		Records of Zoning Board of Appeals	Permanent	N/A
		House number and address change file	Permanent	N/A
		Street vacations and dedications; copies	EVT (retain for active reference life)	W
		Permits	EVT + 3 years	Ŵ
		Petitions for street and sewer systems	EVT + 2 years	Ŵ
		Special assessment calculations	EVT + 2 years	Ŵ
			, · -	•

	TV Sewer inspection records	EVT (until superseded)	W
	State highway aide program records	FIS + 7 years	W
Fidelity Bond	Oath of Office	EVT + 5 years (after the term of	W
Records		service covered by the oath has	
		ended)	
Insurance	Policy	FIS + 7 years	W
	Policy Bids, unsuccessful	EVT + 1 YEAR	W
	Claims	EVT + 7 years	W
Journals,	Receipts	FIS + 15 years	W
Registers, and			
Ledgers			
	Voucher/orders	FIS + 15 years	W
	General journal	FIS + 15 years	W
	Journal voucher	FIS + 15 years	W
	Appropriation journal	FIS + 15 years	W
	Appropriation journal voucher	FIS + 15 years	W
	General Ledger	FIS + 15 years	W
	Trial Balance	EVT (until audited)	W
LEGAL OPINIONS	SHALL NOT BE DESTROYED AND SHALL		
Licenses and	Liquor and beer related license	EVT + 4 years	W
Permits	applications		
	Other license applications	EVT + 3 years	W
	Receipts	CR + 4 years	W
	License stubs; all liquor and beer related	CR + 4 years	W
	Other	CR + 3 years	W
	Dog license monthly reports to County	CR + 3 years	W
	Clerk	,	
	Audio tape recordings of trials or juvenile	EVT (until expiration of statute of	W
	matters	limitations to appeal to circuit court)	
	Municipal Court case files	EVT + 6 years (after entry of final	W
	•	judgment)	
	Municipal Court case files, Village	EVT + 6 months (after entry of final	W
	Attorney's copies	judgment)	
	Municipal Court minutes record	EVT + 5 years (after entry of final	W
	•	judgment)	
	Municipal Court record	EVT + 5 years (after entry of final	W
		judgment)	
	Municipal Court judgment docket a record	EVT + 20 years (after final docket	W
	of al money judgment	entry)	
Payroll Records	Payroll support record	FIS + 2 years	W
	Employee's withholding allowance	EVT + 5 years (after entry of final	W
	certificate	judgment)	
	Employee's WI withholding exemption	EVT + 2 years (after entry of final	W
	certificate	judgment)	
	Employee enrollment and waiver cards	FIS + 5 years	W
	Employee earning records	FIS + 5 years	W
	Payroll check register	FIS + 5 years	W
	Payroll distribution record	FIS + 5 years	W
	Payroll voucher	FIS + 5 years	W
	Cancelled Payroll Checks	FIS + 5 years	W
	Wage and Tax Statement	FIS + 5 years	W
	Report of WI Income Tax	FIS + 5 years	W
	Employer's Annual Reconciliation of WI	FIS + 5 years	W
	Income Tax withheld from wages		۱۸/
	Federal deposit tax stub	FIS + 5 years	W
	Quarterly report of federal income tax withheld	FIS + 5 years	W
		EIS + 5 years	W
	Annual report of federal income tax withheld	FIS + 5 years	vv
	State's quarterly report of wages paid	FIS + 5 years	W
	Monthly memorandum report	FIS + 5 years	W
22	Montiny monorandum report		**

Public Safety	Quarterly report, payroll summary Premium due notices Traffic Citations Ordinance Citations All accounting records Electronic recordings of court proceedings	FIS + 5 years FIS + 5 years EVT + 1 year after closed EVT + 2 years CR + 7 years EVT + 7 years	W W W W W
	which were appealed Court statistical reports Arraignment calendars Warrant and commitment listings Municipal Court Correspondence Electronic recordings of court proceedings which were not appealed	CR + 7 years CR + 7 years CR + 7 years CR + 7 years CR + 7 years EVT + 6 months	W W W W W
	Personnel records Property inventory records Citizen complaints against police officers Investigation and citation records; Audio and video tape records from police Information teletype messages	EVT + 8 years EVT + 8 years EVT + 8 years EVT + 10 years CR + 120 days CR + 30 days	W W W W W
Public Works Projects and Contracts	Medical records, re: occupational Training records for exposure control Notice to Contractors	EVT + 30 years CR + 3 years EVT + 7 years (after completion of project) EVT + 2 years (for unsuccessful bidders)	W W W
	Certified Check Bid Bond	EVT EVT + 7 years (after completion of project) EVT + 2 years (for	W W
	Bidder's proof of responsibility	unsuccessful bidders) EVT + 7 years (after completion of project) EVT + 2 years (for unsuccessful bidders)	W
	Bids	EVT + 7 years (after completion of project) EVT + 2 years (for unsuccessful bidders)	W
	Affidavit of organization and authority	EVT + 7 years (after completion of project) EVT + 2 years (for unsuccessful bidders)	W
	Bid tabulations	EVT + 2 years	W
	Performance bond	EVT + 7 years (after completion of	W
	Contract	project) EVT + 7 years (after completion of	W
	Master project files	project) EVT +20 years (after life of	Ν
	Blueprints	structure) EVT (until superseded by the as- built tracings)	W
Purchasing	As-built tracings Purchase requisitions Purchase Orders Receiving report	EVT (life of the project) EFT + 1 year FIS + 7 years FIS + 7 years	N W W W
Real Property	Bids, successful Bids, unsuccessful Inventory of property Deeds Opinions of title Abstracts and certificates of title Title insurance policies	EVT + 7 years FIS + 1 year EVT Permanent Permanent Permanent Permanent	W W N/A N/A N/A N/A

Sewer and Water Utilities	Plats Easements Leases Vacation or alteration of plat Water Stubs	Permanent Permanent EVT + 7 years Permanent FIS + 2 years	N/A N/A W N/A W
	Receipts of current billings Customer's ledgers of util <u>i</u> ties All other utility records Water quality lab tests Utility plant maps Engineering records with construction	FIS + 2 years FIS + 2 years CR + 7 years EVT + 5 years EVT EVT	W W W W W
	Operating records: Station pumping Interruption records Meter rest records Meter history	CR + 15 years or EVT + 3 years CR + 6 years EVT EVT (life of meter)	W W W W
	Annual meter accuracy summary Pressure records Customer records: meter sheets, bills, deposits, complaints	CR + 10 years CR + 6 years CR + 6 years	W W W
Special Assessment	Filed rates and rules Analyses of any water samples taken Preliminary resolutions	Permanent EVT + 10 years CR + 2 years	W W W
Assessment	Special Assessment project Waiver of S.A. notice and hearing Final resolution Certified SA roll	CR + 2 years EVT + 1 year Permanent EVT	W W N/A W
Street & Highway	Statement of new SA, payment register Street operations	CR + 5 years CR + 2 years after created	W W
	Street and sidewalk maintenance and repair	CR + 25 years	W
	Tree planting, inspection, trimming and removal	-	W
	Stock control Fuel usage reports	CR + 2 years CR + 2 years	W
	Heavy equipment and vehicle Vehicle maintenance histories	EVT EVT	W W
	Vehicle expense reports	EVT	W
	Vehicle usage reports Payroll support records	CR + 2 years CR + 2 years	W W
	Purchasing records	CR + 7 years	W
	Complaint ledger Monthly reports	CR + 2 years CR + 3 years	W W
	Annual reports	Permanent	N/A
Tax Collection	Escrow Accounts list Receipts	EVT FIS + 7 years	W W
	Receipt stub book	FIS + 7 years	W
	Tax collection blotters Statement of taxes remaining unpaid	EVT EVT	W W
	Tax settlement receipt	FIS + 5 years	W
	Municipal treasurer's settlement Personal Property tax roll	FIS + 5 years FIS + 15 years	W N
Treasurer's Records	Minute books	Permanent	N/A
	Audio Tapes Ordinances and Ordinance Book	CR + 1 year Permanent	W N/A
	Resolution	Permanent	N/A
	Affidavits of publication	CR + 3 years	W

Chapter 4 Disposal of Lost, Abandoned and Surplus Property

Sec. 3-4-1 Disposal of Surplus Village Property

a) **Definitions**.

- 1) "Surplus Village Property" is that property which is owned by the Village of Adell and which has no further usefulness to the Village. An item of property shall be considered to have no further usefulness when:
 - a) The item or its function has been totally replaced by other Village property and no probable future function exists for it; or
 - b) The Village no longer performs the service for which the item was purchased and no other service can reasonable be provided by the item; or
 - c) The item is no longer able to reliably or economically perform the work required of it.
- 2) Surplus property as defined in this Chapter shall not include land or buildings but shall include fixtures and such salvage as may be taken from a building without structural damage when such fixtures and salvage are not part of a demolition contract. Surplus Village property shall not include property which is obtained by the Village as a result of abandonment or loss by the property's original owner. Surplus Village property shall not include items of property which are traded in for newer items.

b) Determination of Surplus Village Property.

- Whenever an item of Village property is determined to be surplus Village property on the basis that the Village no longer performs the service for which the item was purchased, the Village Board shall determine whether or not the item is surplus Village property.
- 2) Whenever the fair market value of the item is more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), the Village Board shall determine whether or not the item is surplus Village property.

c) Disposition of Surplus Village Property.

- 1) Whenever the Village Board determines that an item of property is surplus Village property, it shall dispose of such property as it determines.
- 2) Whenever the fair market value of an item is more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and the Village Board has determined, pursuant to the previous Subsection, that the item is surplus Village property, the department head responsible for the items shall dispose of the property by:
 - a) Donation to a nonprofit organization within the Village or to a governmental agency; or
 - b) Public auction; or
 - c) Sale by sealed bid; or
 - d) Negotiated sale
- 3) In the event of a public auction or sale by sealed bid, the item will be sold in "as-is" condition to the person submitting the highest bid provided, however, that a lower bid submitted by a nonprofit organization or governmental agency may be accepted by the Village Board. The department head responsible for the item shall determine the time in which the successful bidder must remove the item. In the event the item is not removed within that time, the item shall revert to the Village and the amount of the bid shall be forfeited to the Village. In the event no bids are received, the item shall be disposed of as directed by the Village Board.
- 4) No public auction or awarding of bids shall occur under this Chapter unless a description of the item to be sold and an advance notice of the time and place for such auction or bid submission are first published as a Class 2 notice in the official Village newspaper.
- 5) Whenever the fair market value of an item is Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or less and the Village Board has determined, pursuant to the previous Section, that it is surplus Village property, the item shall be either disposed of as set forth in Subsection (c)(2) above or destroyed

- d) **Determination of Fair Market Values**. Whenever this Chapter requires a determination of the fair market value of an item of property, that determination shall be made by the department head responsible for the property, whose decision shall be final.
- e) Authority to Dispose of Property.
 - 1) Except for library materials used by the public library for lending purposes, only the Village Board may dispose of Village property which is not surplus Village property.
 - 2) Whenever this Section provides for an auction or other disposition of any property, the Village Board shall be authorized to hire an auctioneer or take such other action as is necessary to properly dispose of the property provided, however, that the fees of such auctioneer and all such costs, other than those for Village labor and the use of Village property, do not exceed the payment received by the Village from the auction or sale of the property.

Sec. 3-4-2 Lost and Abandoned Property

a) Village Custody of Lost or Abandoned Property.

- 1) Property which appears to be lost or abandoned discovered by officers or turned in to the Village office or law enforcement officers by citizens shall be disposed of according to this Section.
- 2) Lost and abandoned property will be examined by Village officials or law enforcement officers for identifying marks in an attempt to determine the owner. If identifying marks are present, they shall be used by Village officials and/or law enforcement officers to attempt to contact the owner to return the property. If no identifying marks are present, the property shall be taken into custody by the Village.
- 3) No Village employee shall keep for his or her own use property found in the course of duty, nor take possession of property during off-duty hours when the discovery was made while on duty.
- 4) The Village shall permit citizens to claim lost property if they can provide sufficient proof that they are rightful owners.
- 5) No Village employee shall receive any lost, stolen, abandoned or other unclaimed property, unless that person receives a written receipt signed by Village Clerk-Treasurer.

b) **Disposal Procedures**.

- Classes of Property. All property which has been abandoned, lost or remained unclaimed for a period of thirty (30) days after the taking of possession of the same by the Village shall be disposed of as follows, except that if the property is usable for Village operations, the property need not be sold at auction, but may become the property of the Village.
 - a) **Vehicles**. Vehicles shall be disposed of as set forth in the applicable provisions of Title 10, Chapter 5, of this Code of Ordinances.
 - b) **Intoxicating Liquor and Fermented Malt Beverages**. Intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages shall be destroyed.
 - c) **Firearms, Ammunition and Explosives**. Firearms or ammunition shall be returned to their rightful owner, destroyed, or transferred to the State Crime Laboratory, the division of law enforcement services of the Department of Justice, the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms bureau of the U.S. Department of Treasury. Any explosive, flammable, or other material proving a danger to life or property may be disposed of immediately upon taking possession thereof. The Village President and the Fire Chief, after consulting with the County Sheriffs Department, are hereby authorized to determine the disposal procedure, provided, however, that any such procedure will attempt to return to its rightful owner any such material which appears to have been stolen.
 - d) Other Property with a Fair Market Value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or Less. An item of property with a fair market value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or less shall be destroyed or disposed of at the Village's discretion. Perishable property which deteriorates to a fair market value of less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be destroyed.

- e) Other Property with a Fair Market Value of Over One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00). An item of property with a fair market value of more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) shall be sold at public auction or by sealed bid.
- f) **Illegal property**. Property which cannot be legally possessed shall be destroyed.

2) Disposal by Auction or Sealed Bid.

- a) Whenever any property under this Section is sold by public auction or sale or by sealed bid, such auction or the awarding of bids shall be preceded by a Class 2 notice describing the property and arranging the time and place for the auction or bid submission; such notice shall be published in the official Village newspaper. The property auctioned or sold by sealed bid shall be sold in as-is condition to the highest bidder. No sale or auction shall occur until the Village Board has determined that the property has no value to any probable investigation or legal proceeding. The department head responsible for the property shall determine the time in which the successful bidder shall remove the property. In the event the property is not removed within that time, the property shall revert to the Village and the amount of the bid be forfeited to the Village.
- b) Any Village official selling property under this Section shall maintain for two (2) years an inventory of any property not disposed of by auction or sale by sealed bid and shall include a record of the date and method of disposal, any payment received for the property, and the name and address of the person acquiring the property.
- 3) Lost Property. Property which is found by persons and delivered to the Village office for the purpose of locating the former owner shall not be considered abandoned or unclaimed under this Section until thirty (30) days after mailing to the person finding the property a notice that he/she may claim ownership of said property. The Village Board shall determine what portion, if any, of the property or its value shall be given the finder. This provision shall not apply to any Village employee finding property in the regular course of his/her employment.
- 4) **Payment to Village Treasury**. All sums received from the sale of property under this Section shall be paid to the Village Treasury.